# SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution Gas Detector

**Instruction and Operation Manual** 

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> Part Number 1460005 Revision C

#### **Sensor Electronics Corporation**

Sensor Electronics Corporation (SEC) designs and manufactures innovative fixed system gas detection equipment, for combustible gases, oxygen, carbon dioxide and toxic gases.

#### Commitment

Our quality and service are uncompromising. We back each of our products with a two-year warranty on all materials and workmanship. We offer technical support, user training and on-site service and maintenance of equipment to meet the needs of our customers.

#### **Gas Detection Service**

Individually designed maintenance packages are available for specific customer needs. Service begins with verification of the system installation that includes an initial system check and calibration. We then offer customer training programs (on-site and at factory) to insure that technical personnel fully understand operation and maintenance procedures. When on-the-spot assistance is required, service representatives are available to handle any questions or problems immediately.

#### WARRANTY

SENSOR ELECTRONICS CORPORATION (SEC) WARRANTS PRODUCTS MANUFACTURED BY SEC TO BE FREE FROM DEFECTS IN WORKMANSHIP AND MATERIALS FOR A PERIOD OF TWO (2) YEARS FROM DATE OF SHIPMENT FROM THE FACTORY. ANY PARTS RETURNED FREIGHT PRE-PAID TO THE FACTORY AND FOUND DEFECTIVE WITHIN THE WARRANTY WOULD BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED, AT SEC'S OPTION. SEC WILL RETURN REPAIRED OR REPLACED EQUIPMENT PRE-PAID LOWEST COST FREIGHT. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT APPLY TO ITEMS, WHICH BY THEIR NATURE ARE SUBJECT TO DETERIORATION OR CONSUMPTION IN NORMAL SERVICE. SUCH ITEMS MAY INCLUDE:

#### CHEMICAL SENSOR ELEMENTS

FUSES AND BATTERIES.

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#### CONVENTIONS

The following conventions are used in this manual.



Warning Statement

VDC (DC Voltage)

# **Revision History**

| Rev | Date      | Description of Change                            | Page |
|-----|-----------|--|------|
| Α   | 6/13/2016 | Initial Release                                  | All  |
| В   | 9/29/2016 | Update IEC marking to ETL, Change description to | 5    |
|     |           | "Manual,SEC5000 Users Manual"                    |      |
| С   | 2/28/2017 | Update Approved Models                           | 5    |
|     |           | Add Ex Message                                   | 3    |
|     |           | Change IEC Marking back to CSA Mark              | 5    |
|     |           |  |      |
|     |           |  |      |

NOTE: THIS DOCUMENT IS RELATED TO 1460005EX AND ALL CHANGES SHOULD BE REVIEWED AGAINST 1460005EX BEFORE BEING MADE TO ENSURE CRITICAL INFORMATION IS NOT BEING CHANGED/REMOVED. CHANGES TO THIS DOCUMENT MUST BE APPROVED BY SEC'S QUALITY MANAGEMENT REPRESENTATIVE.

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# I. SPECIFICATIONS

#### Model:

Sensor Electronics Corporation SEC 5000 IREvolution Infrared Gas Detector

#### Available gases:

Methane Hexafluoro Butadiene Difluoromethane Methyl Fluoride Ammonia

**Please note** that this list is not all-inclusive. The SEC 5000 IREvolution can be calibrated for many other gases, provided a calibration gas is available. For more please contact Sensor Electronics Corporation.

### Detection Method:

Diffusion

#### Output (analog):

4-20 mA (Source type), max. 1000 Ohm load at 24 VDC supply voltage

#### **Response Time (Methane Version):**

T50 < 15 seconds T90 < 30 seconds

#### **Construction:**

316 stainless steel (SEC 5000) 6061 Aluminum (SEC 5100)

# Dimensions:Length x DiameterStainless5.5in x 2.5inAluminum5.75in x 2.75in

#### Unit Weight:

Stainless Steel 3.7 lb Aluminum 1.9 lb

#### Accuracy (Methane Version):

+/- 3% of Full Scale for applied gas concentrations up to 50% of full scale +/- 5% of Full Scale for applied gas concentrations above 50% of full scale

#### **Operating Temperature Rating:**

-40° to +70°C at 0 to 99% RH (non-condensing)

#### **Operating Voltage:**

24 VDC \_\_\_\_ Operating range: 18 to 32 VDC measured at the detector head

Power Consumption: 5.1 Watts Max.

Max. Current Draw: (at 24 VDC) Average: 210 mA (Peak: 400 mA)

#### Approvals: APPROVED MODELS ONLY: 5000/5100

CSA, For -40°C to +50°C operation, Performance Tested C22.2 No. 152 CSA: CI I, Div 1, Grps B,C,D, T5 IECEX: Ex db IIC T5 Gb

Installation Category: Cat. I, Pollution Degree 2

# **II GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution Infrared gas detector is a rugged reliable microprocessor based intelligent gas detector. The SEC 5000 can be used to monitor for explosive Hydrocarbons, Alcohols, PFCs, Ammonia and many others.

The SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution is ideally suited for use in harsh environments and where the costs of required maintenance for conventional catalytic or electrochemical detectors are prohibitive. The SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution Infrared gas detector will perform reliably in the presence of silicone and other catalytic poisoning agents and can also operate in oxygen free environments or where high background gas levels are present. There are no known poisons that affect this technology.

The SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution is a stand-alone device providing a linear continuous 4 to 20 mA output representing 0 to Full Scale.

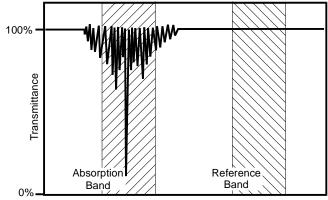
The SEC5000 also provides a one-wire interactive digital interface and an optional HART interface.

#### Features

- Requires no routine calibration to ensure proper operation.
- Continuous self-test automatically indicates a fault, with fail to safe operation.
- A multi-layered filtering system protects optics from dirt and water ingress.
- Straight optical path eliminates the need for reflective surfaces, such as mirrors or beam splitters.
- Performs well in the presence of high concentrations or constant background levels of hydrocarbons and in oxygen depleted atmospheres.
- Highly resistant to poisoning and etching.
- Standard 4 to 20 mA output (current source)
- Explosion proof housing designed for harsh environments.
- Smart Calibration AutoAC<sup>™</sup> circuit.

#### Infrared Detection Technology

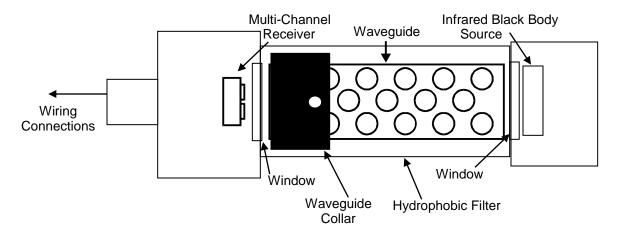
The SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution Infrared gas detector uses infrared absorption technology for detecting combustible hydrocarbon gases. Gases absorb infrared light only at certain wavelengths. The concentration of a gas can be quantified by measuring and comparing intensities in light bands where there is significant absorption by the target gas and in bands where there is little absorption by the target gas. The SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution uses an infrared light source that passes collimated light through a waveguide containing the gas sample. At the other end of the waveguide is a multiple channel receiver. The measuring channel intensities and the reference channel intensities are then analyzed to quantify the gas concentration. The gas concentration is then represented at the output as a gas density measurement or a %Vol measurement (selectable).



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Wavelength

The multiple-channel receiver consists of several filtered light sensors monitoring light bands critical to the target gas. The multi-channel design affords high sensitivity, high selectivity, excellent drift control and superior thermal stability over the entire temperature range.



The straight line optical system eliminates the need for any special lenses or beam splitters.

The SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution utilizes a unique patent pending feature, the AutoAC<sup>™</sup> circuit. The AutoAC<sup>™</sup> circuit is an automatic analog control circuit, which allows the SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution to be calibrated for any combustible hydrocarbon, provided that a calibration quality level of the gas is available. This eliminates setting dipswitches or changing out sensors for different types of hydrocarbons; simply calibrate the unit with a calibration gas of the specific gas to be detected.

The optics can be easily disassembled for cleaning. This does not require powering the unit down and does not compromise the units' explosion proof rating. The device will self-compensate for dirty optics until a point at which the optical surfaces are completely obscured.

There are no consumable components contained in this product.

## **III. OPERATION**

#### Installation and Startup

Marning: The user shall be made aware that if the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

The first step in the installation process is to establish a mounting location for the SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution. Select a location that is typical of the atmosphere to be monitored or close to the anticipated source of a dangerous gas.

It is very important that the SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution be properly located to enable it to provide maximum protection. The most effective number and placement of sensors vary depending on the conditions of the application. When determining where to locate sensors the following factors should be considered.

- What are the characteristics of the gas that is to be detected? Is it lighter or heavier than air? If it is lighter than air the sensor should be placed above the potential gas leak. Place the sensor close to the floor for gases that are heavier than air or for vapors resulting from flammable liquid spills. Note that air currents can cause a gas that is heavier than air to rise. In addition, if the temperature of the gas is hotter than ambient air or mixed with gases that are lighter than air, it could also rise.
- How rapidly will the gas diffuse into the ambient air? Select a location for the sensor that is close to the anticipated source of a gas leak.
- Wind or ventilation characteristics of the immediate area must also be considered. Movement of air may
  cause gas to accumulate more heavily in one area than in another. The detector should be placed in the
  areas where the most concentrated accumulation of gas is anticipated. For outdoor applications with
  strong wind conditions, it may require the sensors to be mounted closer together and on the down wind
  side, to the anticipated area of a gas leak. Also take into consideration for indoor applications, the fact
  that many ventilation systems do not operate continuously.
- The sensor should be accessible for maintenance.
- Excessive heat or vibration can cause premature failure of any electronic device and should be avoided if possible.
- Follow all national and local installation codes and practices.

The SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution has a  $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT threaded connector for mounting the detector to a certified explosion proof junction box. The thread engagement shall be <u>at least</u> 5 full threads. Corrosion inhibiting grease may be used if it is non-setting and as long as earthing/grounding between the certified metallic junction box and detector is maintained.

The bonding connection on the cap of the detector must provide an effective connection for earthing/grounding. This is done by using a conductor of at least 4 mm<sup>2</sup>. It is acceptable to use suitable wiring lugs for installation if necessary.

SEC can provide a junction box with terminals for this purpose. A conduit seal must be installed within 18" of the detector for use of approved units.

A user-supplied junction box can be used providing it has the appropriate sized NPT conduit entries. The junction box and terminal blocks must be suitable for use in the application and location in which it is being installed. After the device has been installed, a calibration is required. Refer to the Calibration section of this manual.

#### Wiring connections

Red wire:18 to 32 VDC ---Black wire:DC CommonBlue wire:4 to 20 mA outputWhite wire:Smart Calibration Wire (data wire)Earth Ground:10-32 Green Ground Screw on *IR*Evolution cap, see figure 1.

Wire sizing:

0 to 500 feet, recommended wire gauge size 16 AWG (rated at least 8°C above max. ambient) 501 to 1000 feet, recommended wire gauge size 14 AWG (rated at least 8°C above max. ambient)

Shielded cable is recommended. Wiring should be installed in metal conduit with no other cabling in the same conduit.

#### Warm-up

When power is applied to the detector, it enters a one (1) minute warm-up mode. The output current will be 4.0 mA during the warm up time period. At the end of the warm-up period with no faults present, the detector automatically enters the normal operating mode (4-20mA). If a fault is present after warm-up, the detector current output will indicate a fault. See the following chart for fault code status.

#### Normal Operation

In the normal operating mode, the 4 to 20 mA signal levels correspond to the detected gas concentration. The detector continuously checks for system faults or initiation of calibration and automatically changes to the appropriate mode.

The 4 to 20 mA output of the SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution is a non-isolated current source.

| Current Output Status.  |    |                          |  |  |
|---|----|--------------------------|--|--|
|   |    |                          |  |  |
| 0.0   | mA | Unit Fault               |  |  |
| 4.0   |    | Unit warm up             |  |  |
| 1.0   | mA | Optics fault             |  |  |
| 1.2   | mA | Zero drift fault         |  |  |
| 1.6   | mA | Calibration fault        |  |  |
| 2.0   | mA | Unit spanning            |  |  |
| 2.2   | mA | Unit zeroing             |  |  |
| 2.4   | mA | Reference Channel Fault  |  |  |
| 2.6   | mA | Analytical Channel Fault |  |  |
| 4.0   | mA | Zero gas level (0% F.S.) |  |  |
| 5.6   | mA | (10% Full Scale)         |  |  |
| 8.0   | mA | (25% Full Scale)         |  |  |
| 12  | mA | (50% Full Scale)         |  |  |
| 16  | mA | (75% Full Scale)         |  |  |
| 20  | mA | Full scale (100% F.S.)   |  |  |
| >20   | mA | Over-range (> 100% F.S.) |  |  |
| CAUTION: HIGH OFF-SCALE READINGS<br>(READINGS GREATER THAN 20mA) MAY<br>INDICATE AN EXPLOSIVE CONCENTRATION |    |                          |  |  |

#### **Current Output and Corresponding Status**

Once the fault is cleared the SEC 5000 IREvolution will automatically resume normal operation.

# **IV. CALIBRATION**

The SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution is factory calibrated zeroed and spanned. Unlike catalytic sensors it does not require routine span gas calibration to ensure proper operation.

A typical field calibration only requires the use of zero air (or 99.99% nitrogen). If the sensor is located in an area that is known to be free of the target gases then ambient air can be used as a zero reference.

If zero air is used for the calibration, there is a fitting at the side of the sensor for a 1/8" ID tubing connection.

#### Zero Calibration

Before beginning calibration use the SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution Insulation Tube to cover outer cylinder holes and connect a clean air source to the sensor's calibration port for a minimum of 3 minutes. To enter into the calibration mode, the calibration (white) wire must be connected to the DC Common (black) wire for ten (10) seconds, upon release the sensor will automatically enter the zero calibration routine. The electronics will automatically adjust the sensor's signal to the new zero reference level. During the zero calibration routine, the current output of the SEC *IR*Evolution will go to 2.2 mA. Although this can be accomplished manually, installation of a switch (contact closure) can accomplish the zeroing procedure. It is recommended that this switch be a momentary type switch to prevent it from inadvertently being left in the calibrate position. If after 20 seconds the calibration lead has not been removed from common, the SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution will ignore the signal and continue operation as normal. If the SEC5000 is connected to an SEC transmitter, the Zero operation can also be initiated by the transmitter from the Calibration menu. The calibration wire initiation is only used if no transmitter in connected

#### Span Calibration

The SEC *IR*Evolution can also be spanned in the field. Initiating the Spanning operation is similar to initiating the Zeroing operation other than the calibration wire is connected to the +24V (red) wire for 10 seconds and released. The Span initiation command is also available at the transmitter from the calibration menu. The output current will go to 2.0mA while the unit is spanning.

It is highly recommended that a Zero be performed prior to a Span.

The spanning concentration for the SEC5000 is always  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the full scale concentration. Please contact the factory for further details.

## **V. MAINTENANCE**

The SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution does not normally require cleaning of the optics. However if the unit is operating in a very dirty or dusty environment the optical path might become obscured. If the obscuration is severe enough to affect the unit's accuracy, the unit will indicate an "Optics Fault". To clear an Optics Fault, first try a calibration. If the calibration does not correct the fault condition, clean the optics.

The outer barrel can be removed by loosening the two screws at the top of the barrel and rotating barrel slightly clockwise until barrel can be pulled free. You will then see the hydrophobic filter. The hydrophobic filter is a Teflon coated stainless steel mesh that keeps moisture and particulates out of the optical path. The top of the filter snaps into a groove in the housing and is located by a pin in the housing. Pulling the filter free of the groove allows the filter to be removed. Once the hydrophobic filter is removed, the internal waveguide tube should be inspected for cleanliness. The waveguide and waveguide collar can be removed by inserting rigid instruments such as Allen wrenches into one hole of the waveguide and one hole of the collar. Turning the collar counterclockwise with respect to the tube will loosen the waveguide allowing the collar to be screwed down on to the waveguide until it can be removed from the SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution housing. This will allow access to the windows of the SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution for cleaning.

Dust can be removed using compressed air. Hard or oily deposits can be removed using Isopropyl alcohol and cotton tipped swabs. Wipe any film or residue left by the alcohol on the windows with a clean dry cotton swab. The internal electro-polished wave-guide tube can be cleaned the same way. Be careful not to leave any particles of the cleaning swab in the waveguide. The waveguide holes can collect pieces of the cleaning swab.

After reassembling the unit (the waveguide and collar should be very tight to both ends of the SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution housing. Once the unit is completely reassembled and power is reapplied, the SEC 5000 *IR*Evolution must then be Zero calibrated. Refer to the calibration section of this manual. *If the fault doesn't clear, contact the factory.* 

Marning: The SEC 5000 IR Evolution detector's flameproof joints are not intended to be repaired.

## VI. Parts List

| Part Number | Description                    |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| 142-2188    | Replacement Hydrophobic Filter |
| 142-2409    | Wave Guide Tube                |
| 142-2408    | Wave Guide Tube Collar         |

