Operation / Description

SEC Millenium is a complete self contained optical hydrocarbon gas detector. The sensing and reference elements are self-compensating for optical integrity and other signal inhibitors. The industry standard 4 - 20 mA analog output provides remote alarm, fault and calibration signals.

Applications

The SEC Millenium hydrocarbon detectors are designed to be used as an upgrade in the same applications where catalytic bead sensors have been applied.

- Refineries
- Drilling and production platforms
- Fuel loading facilities
- Oil well logging
- LNG/LPG processing and storage facilities
- Gas turbines
- Chemical plants
- Compressor stations
- Wastewater treatment facilities
- Transportation facilities

Features

- Reliable infrared sensing technology
- Virtually maintenance free
- Low cost of ownership, over five years operating life
- Immune to poisoning and etching
- Designed for harsh environments
- Explosion proof
- Rugged stainless steel construction
- Fast response time
- Smart calibration
- Patented self-compensating optics
- No moving parts
- Heated optical chamber
- Low power consumption
- Operates in constant hydrocarbon background
- Operates in anaerobic atmospheres
- Fault indications for all failure states
- Routine calibrations are not required
- 4 to 20 mA output
- 0 to 100% LFL detection range
- Can be coupled with SEC 3100 transmitter for network applications
- RS-485 communication link available
- Digital Display option available
Specifications

Model: Sensor Electronics Corporation
SEC MILLENIUM Infrared Hydrocarbon Gas Detector

Available gases:
- Propane
- Propylene
- Methane
- n-Butane
- Ethane
- Gasoline
- Ethanol
- Isopropyl Alcohol
- Ethylene
- Methanol
- Aromatic 150
- Pentane
- Hexane
- Cyclopentane
- Isobutane
- Methyl Amyl Ketone

Please note that this list is not all-inclusive. The SEC MILLENIUM can be calibrated for most hydrocarbons, provided a calibration gas is available. For more information please contact Sensor Electronics Corporation.

Part Numbers:
- Methane PN: 49000000100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Methane PN: 49000000050L12 (0-50% LEL)
- Methane PN: 49000000100V12 (0-100% VOL)
- Propane PN: 49000100100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Propane PN: 49000100100V12 (0-100% VOL)
- Propane PN: 49000100100U12 (0-100% UEL)
- Aromatic 150 PN: 49000200100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Ethane PN: 49000300100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Ethanol PN: 49000400100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Ethylene PN: 49000500100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Gasoline PN: 49000600100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Hexane PN: 49000700100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Isobutane PN: 49000800100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Isopropyl Alcohol (IPA) PN: 49000900100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Methanol PN: 49001000100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- n-Butane PN: 49001100100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Pentane PN: 49001200100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Methyl Amyl Ketone PN: 49001300100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Cyclopentane PN: 49002500100L12 (0-100% LEL)
- Propylene PN: 49002900100L12 (0-100% LEL)

Detection Method: Diffusion - Optional sample draw
(requires a minimum of 1 liter per minute flow rate.)

Output (analog):
- 4-20 mA (Source type), max. 1000 Ohm load at 24 VDC supply voltage

Response Time:
- T50 < 5 seconds
- T90 < 10 seconds

Construction:
- 316 stainless steel.
- Class 1, Division 1, Groups B, C and D

Accuracy:
- +/- 3% LFL, 0 to 50% LFL (Lower Flammable Limit)
- +/- 5% LFL, 51 to 100% LFL

Operating Temperature Rating:
- -40˚ to +70˚C at 0 to 99% RH (non-condensing)

Operating Range:
- 18 to 32 VDC measured at the detector head

Power Consumption:
- 5 Watts Max

Max Current Draw: (at 24VDC)
- Average: 210 mA  Peak: 400 mA

Approvals:
- C22.2 No. 152-M1984 (R1997)
- Performance Tested

Installation Category:
- Cat. I, Pollution Degree 2

Weight:
- 5 lbs. (2.3 kg.)

Unit Status Chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current Output</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-20 mA</td>
<td>Normal measuring mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.0 mA</td>
<td>Unit Fault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.2 mA</td>
<td>Reference channel fault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.4 mA</td>
<td>Analytical channel fault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.8 mA</td>
<td>Unit warm up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.0 mA</td>
<td>Optics fault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2 mA</td>
<td>Zero drift fault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.6 mA</td>
<td>Calibration fault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0 mA</td>
<td>Unitspanning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.2 mA</td>
<td>Unit Zeroing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.0 mA</td>
<td>Zero gas level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.6 mA</td>
<td>10% LEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.0 mA</td>
<td>25% LEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 mA</td>
<td>50% LEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 mA</td>
<td>75% LEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 mA</td>
<td>100% LEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.1 – 23 mA</td>
<td>Over range (&gt;100%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>